IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 12-20 without prejudice or disclaimer to the subject matter contained therein.

A listing of the status of all claims 1-20 in the present patent application is provided below.

1 (Previously Presented). A computer implemented parallelizable integrity-aware encryption method, the method comprising the steps of:

applying a XOR function to all message blocks of a message to compute a XOR-sum;

whitening at least one message block with a first mask value;

encrypting the at least one whitened message block using a block cipher and a first key; and

whitening the at least one encrypted message block with a second mask value, which is not identical to the first mask value, to generate at least one corresponding output ciphertext block;

wherein the first mask value is computed by applying a XOR function to a first value derived from a NONCE value and a second value derived from encrypting a third value using the block cipher and a second key, and then applying a substitution

function to the result of the XOR function;

wherein the first and second key have different values;

wherein the second mask value is computed by applying a XOR function to a fourth value derived from the NONCE value and a fifth value derived from encrypting a sixth value using the block cipher and the second key, and then applying the substitution function to the result of the XOR function.

2 (Cancelled).

3 (Previously Presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the first and fourth values derived from the NONCE value are permutations of a binary value computed by encrypting the NONCE value using the block cipher and the first key.

4 (Previously Presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the third and sixth values are unique counter values or random numbers.

5 (Previously Presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the steps of whitening each comprise the step of applying a XOR function.

6 (Previously Presented). The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

applying a third mask value to the XOR-sum;

encrypting the masked XOR-sum using the block cipher and the first key; and

applying a fourth mask value to the encrypted XOR-sum to generate an integrity tag.

7 (Previously Presented). The method of claim 6, wherein the third mask value is computed by applying a XOR function to a first value derived from a NONCE value and a second value derived from encrypting a third value using the block cipher and a second key, and then applying a substitution function to the result of the XOR function, wherein the fourth mask value is computed by applying a XOR function to a fourth value derived from the NONCE value and a fifth value derived from encrypting a sixth value using the block cipher and the second key, and then applying the substitution function to the result of the XOR function.

8 (Previously Presented). The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

whitening the at least one output ciphertext block with the

second mask value;

decrypting the at least one whitened ciphertext block using a block cipher and the first key; and

whitening the at least one decrypted block with the first mask value to generate at least one corresponding message block.

9 (Original). The method of claim 1, wherein the block cipher is selected from the group consisting of: an Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) block cipher, a Data Encryption Standard (DES) block cipher, and a Triple Data Encryption Standard (3DES) block cipher.

10 (Previously Presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the second and fifth values are elements of a vector.

11 (Previously Presented). At least one processor readable medium for storing a computer program of instructions configured to be readable by at least one processor for instructing the at least one processor to execute a computer process for performing the method as recited in claim 1.

12. - 20. (Cancelled).